## Homotopie et Homologie Exercise Set 11

## 08.12.2011

Throughout these exercises, *space* means *topological space* and *map* means *continuous map*.

- 1. Let X be a CW-complex. Prove the following properties of the topology on X.
  - (a) The *n*-skeleton  $X_n$  of X is closed in X.
  - (b) If X is connected, then X is path-connected.
  - (c) X is a normal space.

*Hint* 1. Prove by induction on n, using the Tietze extension theorem, that for all closed subsets A and B of X, there exists continuous maps  $f_n : X_n \to I$  for all  $n \ge 0$  such that  $f_n(A \cap X_n) = \{0\}$ ,  $f_n(B \cap X_n) = \{1\}$  and  $f_n|_{X_{n-1}} = f_{n-1}$ .

(d) If C is a compact subset of X, then there is some n such that  $C \subseteq X_n$ . *Hint* 2. If C is not contained in  $X_n$  for any n, then there is a set  $\{x_n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}$  such that  $x_n \in C \setminus X_n$  for all n. Show that the sequence

 $\dots \subset \{x_n \mid n \ge 2\} \subset \{x_n \mid n \ge 1\} \subset \{x_n \mid n \ge 0\}$ 

violates the Finite Intersection Property for compact sets.

2. Show that if X and Y are CW-complexes, and X and Y both have countably many cells, then  $X \times Y$  is also a CW-complex.

Hint 3. For all  $0 \le k \le n$ ,

$$(D^n, S^{n-1}) \cong (D^k \times D^{n-k}, S^{k-1} \times D^{n-k} \cup D^k \times S^{n-k-1}).$$

- 3. Let G be a discrete group acting on the right on a space X, i.e., there is a map  $\rho : X \times G \to X : (x, a) \mapsto x \cdot a$  such that  $(x \cdot a) \cdot b = x \cdot (ab)$  for all  $x \in X$  and  $a, b \in G$  and  $x \cdot e = x$  for all  $x \in X$ , where e is the neutral element of G. Show that if X is a CW-complex, and  $\rho$  is cellular, then the orbit space X/G is a CW-complex.
- 7. Let  $X = \{0\} \cup \{\frac{1}{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{Z}_+\} \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Show that X is not homotopy equivalent to a CW-complex.